Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor





orysmian 🔎

With 150 years of experience in over 50 countries around the globe, Prysmian is the world leader in the energy and telecom cable industry. Prysmian offers the broadest range of services and know-how in the industry. Each year, Prysmian manufactures thousands of miles of underground and submarine cables and systems for power transmission and distribution, as well as medium and low voltage cables for the construction and infrastructure sectors. The company produces a comprehensive range of optical fibers, copper cables, and connectivity systems for voice, video, and data transmission for the telecommunication sector.

At the core of Prysmian's business model lies a commitment to sustainability. Prysmian seeks to achieve an efficient, effective, and sustainable supply of energy and information while integrating sustainable practices throughout the value chain including initiatives like this EPD for the company's bare overhead product portfolio produced at Prysmian's Williamsport, Pennsylvania plant. These products are manufactured using lowcarbon aluminum, produced using hydropower energy, leading to low CO₂ emissions, and recycled steel, with an 85 percent minimum of recycled content.

Prysmian is a leader in the industry and a pioneer in sustainability initiatives. The company has adopted a science-based approach and adheres to EPA standards to achieve net-zero emission targets for Scope 1 and 2 by 2035 and Scope 3 by 2050.

Prysmion

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

This declaration is an environmental product declaration (EPD) in accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A2. EPDs rely on Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) to provide information on a number of environmental impacts of products over their life cycle. Exclusions: EPDs do not indicate that any environmental or social performance benchmarks are met, and there may be impacts that they do not encompass. LCAs do not typically address the site-specific environmental impacts of raw material extraction, nor are they meant to assess human health toxicity. EPDs can complement but cannot replace tools and certifications that are designed to address these impacts and/or set performance thresholds – e.g. Type 1 certifications, health assessments and declarations, environmental impact assessments, etc. Accuracy of Results: EPDs regularly rely on estimations of impacts, and the level of accuracy in estimation of effect differs for any particular product line and reported impact. Comparability: EPDs are not comparative assertions and are either not comparable or have limited comparability when they cover different life cycle stages, are based on different product category rules or are missing relevant environmental impacts. EPDs from different programs may not be comparable.

EPD PROGRAM AND PROGRAM OPERATOR NAME, ADDRESS, LOGO, AND WEBSITE	ASTM International	Vest Conshohocken, PA 19428			
GENERAL PROGRAM INSTRUCTIONS AND VERSION NUMBER	ASTM General Program Instructions. Version 8.0. April 29, 2020.				
MANUFACTURER NAME AND ADDRESS	Prysmian Group 4 Tesseneer Road Highland Heights, KY 41076				
DECLARATION NUMBER	EPD835				
DECLARED PRODUCT & FUNCTIONAL UNIT OF DECLARED UNIT	Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Functional Unit = To transmit energy expressed for 1A over a distance of 1km during 40 years and a 100% use rate, in accordance with the relevant standards shown in the product technical data sheets. Lifetime and use rate correspond to the application of energy distribution network as defined in the table given in Appendix 6.1. of the specific rules for wire, cables and accessories.				
REFERENCE PCR AND VERSION NUMBER	PEP ecopassport Program: Product Category Rules for Electrical, Electronic and HVAC-R Products, v4.0, 2021. PEP ecopassport Program: Product Specific Rules for Wires, Cables and Accessories, v4.0, 2022.				
DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT APPLICATION/USE	Prysmian cable products are primarily used in overhead distribution and transmission lines				
PRODUCT RSL DESCRIPTION	40 Years				
MARKETS OF APPLICABILITY	North America				
DATE OF ISSUE	November 20, 2024				
PERIOD OF VALIDITY	5 Years				
EPD TYPE	Product Specific				
DATASET VARIABILITY	N/A				
EPD SCOPE	Cradle-to-Grave				
YEAR(S) OF REPORTED PRIMARY DATA	2023				
LCA SOFTWARE & VERSION NUMBER	LCA for Experts v10.7.0	.183			
LCI DATABASE(S) & VERSION NUMBER	Sphera Managed Conte	nt & USLCI v2.0			
LCIA METHODOLOGY & VERSION NUMBER	TRACI 2.1; CML 4.1				
The sub-category PCR review was conducted by:	•	V4 10 1			
This declaration was independently verified in accordance verified ecopassport Program: Product Category Rules for Electric HVAC-R Products, v4.0, 2021." based on EN 15804:2012+core PCR. The supporting PSR is the "PEP ecopassport Pr Rules for Wires, Cables and Accessories, v4.0, 2022." INTERNAL This life cycle assessment was conducted in accordance wireference PCR by:	ectrical, Electronic and A2:2019, serves as the ogram: Product Specific EXTERNAL	Timothy S Brooke ASTM International			
This life cycle assessment was independently verified in ac and the reference PCR by:	cordance with ISO 14044	Thomas P Gloria, Ph. D Industrial Ecology Consultants			

Environmental declarations from different programs (ISO 14025) may not be comparable.

Comparison of the environmental performance using EPD information shall consider all relevant information modules over the full life cycle of the products within the building.

This PCR allows EPD comparability only when the same functional requirements between products are ensured and the requirements of EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 are

Prysmion

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

met. It should be noted that different LCA software and background LCI datasets may lead to differences results for upstream or downstream of the life cycle stages declared.

Prysmion

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

General Information

Description of Company/Organization

Prysmian, a global provider of cabling solutions, is leading the charge in the energy transition and digital transformation. With 150 years of experience in over 50 countries around the globe, the company's business strategy is a testament to its understanding of market dynamics, focusing on the development of resilient, high-performing, sustainable, and innovative cable solutions across the Transmission, Power Grid, Electrification, and Digital Solutions segments.

Product Description

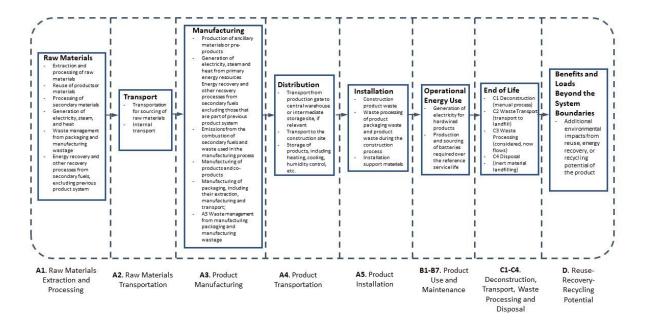
Product Name: TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor

Product Characteristic: aluminum-clad steel strands for the central core, around which is stranded one or more layers of aluminum 1350-O wires, concentrically stranded

The TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor is a composite concentric-lay-stranded cable. Aluminum-clad steel strands form the central core of the cable, around which is stranded one or more layers of aluminum 1350-O wires. The AW core gives ACSS/AW conductors the advantages of standard ACSS along with the light weight and good conductivity of aluminum and the high tensile strength and ruggedness of steel. ACSS/AW can operate continuously at high temperatures (250°C) without damage, allowing for a significant increase in conductor current-carrying capacity.

This EPD includes results for the following products: DRAKE/ACSS/AW2

Flow Diagram



Prysmion

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

Manufacturer Specific EPD

This product-specific EPD was developed based on the cradle-to-grave (modules A1-D) life cycle assessment. The EPD accounts for raw material extraction and processing, transport, product manufacturing, distribution, installation, use, maintenance, disposal, and potential benefits and loads following the end of life disposal. Manufacturing data were gathered directly from company personnel. For EPDs with product groups, an impact assessment was completed for each product and the highest impacts were reported as representations of the product group. The rest of the products in each group are represented through scaling factor tables and can be independently calculated.

Application

Aluminum conductor steel-supported with aluminum-clad steel wire (ACSS/AW) are used for overhead distribution and transmission lines where a high degree of corrosion resistance is required.

Material Composition

The primary product components and/or materials must be indicated as a percentage mass to enable the user of the EPD to understand the composition of the product in delivery status.

The average composition of a Prysmian DRAKE/ACSS/AW2 cable is as follows:

	Percentage in mass (%)		
Material	Maximum		
EcoAluminum Conductor	77.57%		
Steel Conductor	22.43%		
Total	100.00%		

Prysmion

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

Technical Details

For the declared product, the following technical data in the delivery status must be provided with reference to the test standard:

Technical Data				
General Specifications				
Cable Type Cable Conductors				
Construction Type	Concentric-lay-stranded conductor			
Electrical Specif	ications			
Resistance (ohm/kft)				
DC @ 20°C	0.0201			
AC @ 25°C	0.0208			
AC @ 75°C	0.0249			
Ampacity @ 1	75°C			
Standard	930			
E3X®	1070			
Geometric Mean (radius ft)	0.0368			
Inductive Reactance (ohm/kft)	0.0759			

Prysmion

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

Placing on the Market / Application Rules

The standards that can be applied for TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor are:

- ASTM B856 and all the other ASTM standards being referenced in it

Properties of Declared Product as Shipped

Prysmian DRAKE/ACSS/AW2 cables are delivered as a complete unit, inclusive of all installation materials and instructions.

Prysmian

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

Methodological Framework

Functional Unit

The declaration refers to the functional unit of To transmit energy expressed for 1A over a distance of 1km during 40 years and a 100% use rate, in accordance with the relevant standards shown in the product technical data sheets.

Lifetime and use rate correspond to the application of energy distribution network as defined in the table given in Appendix 6.1. of the specific rules for wire, cables and accessories. as specified in the PCR.

Name	Value	Unit
Functional unit	over a di years an accordar standard technical Lifetime a the appli- network a in Appen	mit energy expressed for 1A stance of 1km during 40 d a 100% use rate, in note with the relevant s shown in the product data sheets. and use rate correspond to cation of energy distribution as defined in the table given dix 6.1. of the specific rules cables and accessories.
Maximum Mass	1232	kg
Conversion factor to 1 kg	0.0008	-

System Boundary

This is a cradle to grave Environmental Product Declaration. The following life cycle phases were considered:

Pro	duct St	tage		struction ess Stage		Use Stage End of Life Stage* Beyond System					End of Life Stage*			Benefits and Loads Beyond the System Boundaries		
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from gate to the site	Construction/ installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction /demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery- Recycling potential
A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	В4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х

Description of the System Boundary Stages Corresponding to the PCR

(X = Included; MND = Module Not Declared)

Reference Service Life

The reference service life of a properly installed Prysmian DRAKE/ACSS/AW2 cable is 40 years.

^{*}This includes provision of all materials, products and energy, packaging processing and its transport, as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state or disposal of final residues.

Prysmian

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

Allocation

Allocation of manufacturing was determined by mass, in kilogram per kilometer.

Cut-off Criteria

Processes whose total contribution to the final result, with respect to their mass and in relation to all considered impact categories, is less than 1% can be neglected. The sum of the neglected processes may not exceed 5% by mass of the considered impact categories. For that a documented assumption is admissible.

For Hazardous Substances the following requirements apply:

- The Life Cycle Inventory (LCI) of hazardous substances will be included, if the inventory is available.
- If the LCI for a hazardous substance is not available, the substance will appear as an input in the LCI of the product, if its mass represents more than 0.1% of the product composition.
- · If the LCI of a hazardous substance is approximated by modeling another substance, documentation will be provided.

This EPD is in compliance with the cut-off criteria. No processes were neglected or excluded. Capital items for the production processes (machine, buildings, etc.) were not taken into consideration.

Data Sources

Primary data were collected for every process in the product system under the control of Prysmian. Secondary data from the Sphera database were utilized when necessary. These data were evaluated and have temporal, geographic, and technical coverage appropriate to the scope of the product category

Data Quality

The data sources used are complete and representative of global systems in terms of the geographic and technological coverage and are a recent vintage (i.e. less than ten years old). The data used for primary data are based on direct information sources of the manufacturers. Secondary data sets were used for raw materials extraction and processing, end of life, transportation, and energy production flows. Wherever secondary data is used, the study adopts critically reviewed data for consistency, precision, and reproducibility to limit uncertainty.

Period Under Review

The period under review is the full calendar year of 2023.

Treatment of Biogenic Carbon

The uptake and release of biogenic carbon throughout the product life cycle follows EN15805+A2 Section 6.4.4.

Comparability and Benchmarking

A comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all data sets to be compared were created according to EN 15804+A2 and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account. Environmental declarations from different programs may not be comparable. Full conformance with the PCR allows for EPD comparability only when all stages a product's life cycle have been considered. However, variations and deviations are possible.

Prysmion

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

Estimates and Assumptions

End of Life

In the End of Life phase, aluminum is assumed to have a 70% recycling rate and steel is assumed to have a 80% recycling rate. The remaining 30% or 20% is assumed to be disposed in landfill. Assumptions are based off of the PSR.

Units

The LCA results within this EPD are reported in SI units.

Prysmion

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

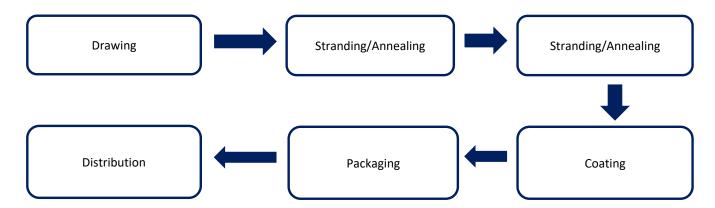
Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

Additional Environmental Information

For life cycle modeling of the considered products, the LCA for Experts Software System for Life Cycle Engineering, developed by Sphera, is used. The Sphera database contains consistent and documented datasets which are documented online. To ensure comparability of results in the LCA, the basic data of the Sphera database were used for energy, transportation, and auxiliary materials.

Manufacturing

This study includes one of Prysmian's manufacturing plants, which accounts for the entirety of the cable category produced in this EPD. These cables consist almost entirely of a single conductor material, which is drawn and stranded on site. The cable may then go through an annealing process and an optional coating which some of the products receive. The products are then packaged on wooden reels and sent to customer distribution.



prysmion

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

Packaging

Products packaging is fully recyclable in all its components. Main packaging material consists of wood, cardboard and plastic materials, being used for packaging each product individually. Depending on the final product size, length and weight, packaging may vary.

	Quantity (% By Weight)			
Material	Maximum			
Wood	100.00%			
Total	100.00%			

Transportation

Transport to Building Site (A4)		
Name	Max	Unit
Fuel type	Di	esel
Liters of fuel	38	l/100km
Transport distance	800	km
Capacity utilization (including empty runs)	85	%
Weight of products transported	1232	kg

Product Installation

Prysmian cables are installed by trained technicians adhering to local, state, and federal standards and requirements. The typical installation process is assumed to be manual, with no use of fuel-powered equipment. As a result, the impacts from powered tools and equipment can be neglected. Material wasteage can occur during installation; to account for this, the scrap rate was assumed to be 5% in accordance with the PCR.

Installation into the building (A5)		
Name	Max	Unit
Water consumption	-	m ³
Other energy carriers	-	MJ
Product loss per functional unit	6.16E+01	kg
Waste materials at construction site	6.82E+02	kg
Output substance (recycle)	5.74E+01	kg
Output substance (landfill)	2.20E+01	kg
Output substance (incineration)	0.00E+00	kg
Packaging waste (recycle)	0.00E+00	kg
Packaging waste (landfill)	3.02E+02	kg
Packaging waste (incineration)	3.02E+02	kg
Direct emissions to ambient air*, soil, and water	1.54E-03	kg CO ₂
VOC emissions	-	kg

V O O EI III 3310113	
*CO2 emissions to air from disposal of pack	aging

Reference Service Life		
Name	Value	Unit
Reference Service Life	40	years
Replacements	0	-

prysmion

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

Product Use

No cleaning, maintenance, repair, or refurbishment is required.

Operational energy use was modeled as use phase losses determined by the IEC 61156-5 standard. The maximum loss values for each cable category are detailed in the table below and were used in the B6 stage.

The operational energy use is presented under the assumption that the cable experiences a current of 1 Amp, but certain Prysmian products have an E3X coating that results in an energy saving effect at higher amperages. It is assumed that the use of E3X will reduce energy losses by 5%. The equation used to calculate the use phase is:

$$E = Z * l^2 * \Delta t$$

Where:

 \mathbb{Z} = linear resistivity of the cable in Ω /km, provided by Prysmian

L = current in A, assumption is 1 A

∆t = use time in seconds, assumption is 40 years

Operational Energy Use (B6)					
Name	Max	Unit per RSL			
Water consumption (from tap, to sewer)	-	m³			
Electricity consumption	23.12	kWh			
Other energy carriers	-	MJ			
Equipment output	-	kW			
Direct emissions to ambient air, soil, and water	-	kg			

Disposal

The product can be mechanically dissembled to separate the different materials. The majority of components are disposed of through waste incineration with energy recovery or landfilled, in accordance with the PCR.

End of life (C1-C4)					
Name	Max	Unit			
Collected separately	1.15E+03	kg			
Collected as mixed construction waste	8.45E+01	kg			
Reuse	0.00E+00	kg			
Recycling	1.15E+03	kg			
Landfilling	8.45E+01	kg			
Incineration with energy recovery	0.00E+00	kg			
Removals of biogenic carbon	-	kg			

Prysmion

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

Re-use Phase

Re-use of the product is not common, but a large amount of the metals in this material will be recycled.

Re-Use, recovery, And/Or Recycling Potential (D)								
Name	Max	Unit						
Net energy benefit from energy recovery from waste treatment declared as exported energy in C3 (R>0.6)	0.00	MJ						
Net energy benefit from thermal energy due to treatment of waste declared as exported energy in C4 (R<0.6)	0.00	MJ						
Net energy benefit from material flow declared in C3 for energy recovery	0.00	MJ						
Process and conversion efficiencies	-							
Further assumptions for scenario development (e.g. further processing technologies, assumptions on correction factors); These products are almost entire metals and the recycling rate from the PCR and the benefit for modu D is calculated by the benefit of recycling product at the end of life								

Prysmion

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

LCA Results - Maximum Impact

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI 2.1 Methodology.

TRACI 2.1 I	mpact Assessment										
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	В6	C2	C3	C4	D	Total
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	8.25E+03	1.18E+02	6.14E+02	9.67E+00	1.07E-01	3.76E-04	6.82E+00	-6.71E+03	9.00E+03
ODP	ODP Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer kg CFC-11 Eq.		5.46E-08	4.46E-09	8.53E-09	1.16E-12	4.03E-12	3.07E-19	3.62E-13	-8.91E-10	6.76E-08
AP Air	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO ₂ -Eq.	9.89E+01	7.07E-01	5.91E+00	1.36E-02	6.41E-04	1.11E-07	4.25E-02	-2.29E+01	1.06E+02
EP	EP Eutrophication potential kg N-Eq.		3.06E+00	3.92E-02	2.26E-01	1.06E-03	3.55E-05	3.10E-09	2.15E-03	-1.19E+00	3.33E+00
SP	Smog formation potential	kg O₃-Eq.	1.62E+03	1.95E+01	1.07E+02	1.90E-01	1.76E-02	7.52E-07	7.83E-01	-3.81E+02	1.75E+03
FFD	Fossil Fuel Depletion	MJ-surplus	9.54E+03	2.08E+02	7.54E+02	1.14E+01	1.89E-01	1.82E-05	1.15E+01	-6.24E+03	1.05E+04

^{*}Stages B1 through B7 and C1 through C4 have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2001 - April 2013 Methodology.

CML 4.1 I	mpact Assessment				37						
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	В6	C2	C3	C4	D	Total
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	8.32E+03	1.18E+02	6.24E+02	9.74E+00	1.07E-01	3.76E-04	6.87E+00	-6.73E+03	9.08E+03
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer kg CFC-11 Eq.		4.72E-08	4.45E-09	8.11E-09	6.39E-11	4.03E-12	1.82E-17	2.03E-11	-5.27E-08	5.98E-08
AP Air	Acidification potential for air emissions kg SO ₂ -Eq.		9.63E+01	5.81E-01	5.59E+00	1.27E-02	5.26E-04	9.21E-08	3.89E-02	-2.19E+01	1.03E+02
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg(PO₄)³-Eq.	8.46E+00	1.04E-01	6.22E-01	1.39E-03	9.37E-05	8.04E-09	4.86E-03	-2.29E+00	9.19E+00
POCP	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants kg ethane-Eq.		7.72E+00	6.79E-02	4.90E-01	9.47E-04	6.15E-05	3.12E-09	3.04E-03	-1.75E+00	8.28E+00
ADPE	Abiotic depletion potential for non- fossil resources kg Sb-Eq.		-3.42E-05	4.89E-08	-1.52E-06	9.79E-07	4.43E-11	2.97E-12	2.07E-06	-2.64E-03	-3.26E-05
ADPF	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources MJ		1.29E+05	1.50E+03	8.43E+03	1.23E+02	1.36E+00	1.73E-04	8.77E+01	-6.70E+04	1.39E+05

^{*}Stages B1 through B7 and C1 through C4 have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Prysmion

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

Results below contain the resource use throughout the life cycle of the product.

EN15804+A	2										
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	В6	C2	C3	C4	D	Total
GWP-total	Climate change - total	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	8.14E+03	9.18E+01	5.80E+02	1.06E+01	5.09E-08	0.00E+00	8.41E+00	-8.37E+03	8.83E+03
GWP-fossil	Climate change - fossil	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	9.28E+03	9.18E+01	5.88E+02	1.06E+01	5.09E-08	0.00E+00	7.24E+00	-8.33E+03	9.98E+03
GWP-biogenic	Climate change - biogenic	kg CO ₂ -Eq.	1.15E+03	-1.15E+03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
GWP-luluc	Climate change - land use and land use change	kg CO₂-Eq.	1.75E-01	0.00E+00	1.45E-02	1.08E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.98E-02	-1.72E+00	2.30E-01
ODP	Ozone depletion	kg CFC-11 Eq.	5.45E-08	2.38E-09	5.79E-09	6.09E-11	1.32E-18	0.00E+00	1.93E-11	8.44E-07	6.28E-08
AP	Acidification	mol H ⁺ Eq.	1.23E+02	6.08E-01	6.98E+00	1.43E-02	3.37E-10	0.00E+00	5.31E-02	-2.74E+01	1.31E+02
EP-freshwater	Eutrophication aquatic freshwater	kg P Eq.	3.31E-03	2.61E-05	1.48E-03	5.89E-06	1.45E-14	0.00E+00	2.25E-05	-1.17E-02	4.84E-03
EP-marine	Eutrophication aquatic marine	kg N Eq.	2.54E+01	2.34E-01	1.58E+00	3.18E-03	1.30E-10	0.00E+00	1.44E-02	-7.56E+00	2.72E+01
EP-terrestrial	Eutrophication terrestrial	mol N Eq.	2.77E+02	2.55E+00	1.71E+01	3.44E-02	1.41E-09	0.00E+00	1.54E-01	-8.26E+01	2.97E+02
POCP	Photochemical ozone formation	NMVOC Eq.	7.78E+01	6.89E-01	4.81E+00	9.29E-03	3.82E-10	0.00E+00	4.09E-02	-2.09E+01	8.34E+01
ADP- minerals&metals	Depletion of abiotic resources - minerals and metals	kg Sb Eq.	-6.75E-05	0.00E+00	-3.52E-06	1.02E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.93E-07	-8.46E-04	-6.95E-05
ADP-fossil	Depletion of abiotic resources - fossil fuels	mol N Eq.	1.63E+05	1.18E+03	9.70E+03	1.77E+02	6.52E-07	0.00E+00	9.68E+01	-9.44E+04	1.74E+05
WDP	Water use	m ³ world Eq. deprived	2.00E+02	0.00E+00	9.83E+00	2.10E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.95E-01	3.51E+03	2.13E+02
PM	Particulate matter emissions	Disease incidence	8.38E-04	2.40E-06	4.50E-05	1.33E-07	1.33E-15	0.00E+00	6.49E-07	-6.24E-04	8.86E-04
IRP	Ionizing radiation, human health	kBq U235 Eq.	9.23E+01	2.07E-17	3.88E+00	1.46E+00	1.15E-26	0.00E+00	1.15E-01	-6.93E+02	9.77E+01
ETP-fw	Ecotoxicity (freshwater)	CTUe	8.95E+04	1.70E+03	6.74E+03	2.83E+01	9.44E-07	0.00E+00	7.31E+01	-2.32E+04	9.81E+04
HTP-c	Human toxicity, cancer effects	CTUh	1.65E-06	2.47E-08	1.16E-07	1.41E-09	1.37E-17	0.00E+00	1.37E-09	-6.81E-06	1.79E-06
HTP-nc	Human toxicity, non-cancer effects	CTUh	2.73E-04	1.68E-06	1.59E-05	2.40E-08	9.33E-16	0.00E+00	5.05E-08	-7.64E-05	2.90E-04
SQP	Land use related impacts/Soil quality	dimensionless	8.34E+02	0.00E+00	3.36E+01	1.96E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.48E+01	-2.14E+04	9.12E+02

Results below contain the resource use throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource U	Jse										
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	В6	C2	C3	C4	D	Total
RPR _E	Renewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	2.45E+03	0.00E+00	9.96E+01	4.71E+01	0.00E+00	1.15E-05	1.47E+01	-4.74E+04	2.61E+03
RPR_{M}	Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00							
NRPR _E	Nonrenewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	1.46E+05	1.52E+03	9.28E+03	1.73E+02	1.37E+00	1.82E-04	9.06E+01	-8.05E+04	1.57E+05
NRPR _M	Nonrenewable primary energy as material utilization	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00							
SM	Use of secondary material	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00							
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00							
NRSF	Use of nonrenewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00							
RE	Energy recovered from disposed waste	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00							
FW	Use of net fresh water	m ³	7.37E+01	0.00E+00	3.67E+00	7.21E-02	0.00E+00	6.89E-07	2.26E-02	-3.22E+01	7.75E+01

^{*}All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Prysmion

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

Results below contain the output flows and wastes throughout the life cycle of the product.

Output Flo	Output Flows and Waste Categories										
Parameter	eter Parameter U		A1-A3	A4	A5	В6	C2	C3	C4	D	Total
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	kg	-5.64E-06	0.00E+00	-3.30E-07	-5.45E-09	0.00E+00	3.10E-14	2.53E-09	-5.13E-05	-5.98E-06
NHWD	Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	5.77E+00	0.00E+00	6.45E+01	5.54E-02	0.00E+00	3.30E-05	4.48E+02	-2.84E+03	5.18E+02
HLRW	High-level radioactive waste	kg	6.57E-01	0.00E+00	2.72E-02	1.77E-02	0.00E+00	3.19E-09	1.03E-03	-4.78E+00	7.03E-01
ILLRW	Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
CRU	Components for re-use	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
MR	Materials for recycling	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
MER	Materials for energy recovery	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
EE	Recovered energy exported from system	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

^{*}All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain direct greenhouse gas emissions and removals throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource Use											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	В6	C2	C3	C4	D	Total
DGER	Direct GHG Emissions and Removal	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+0							
BCEP	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Product	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+0							
BCRK	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging	kg CO ₂	1.54E-03	0.00E+00	1.54E-0						
BCEK	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Packaging	kg CO₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.54E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.54E-0
BCEW	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+0							
CCE	Calcination Carbon Emissions	kg CO₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+0							
CCR	Carbonation Carbon Removal	kg CO ₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+0							
Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non- renewable Sources Used in Production Process		kg CO ₂	0.00E+00	0.00E+0							

^{*}All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Prysmion

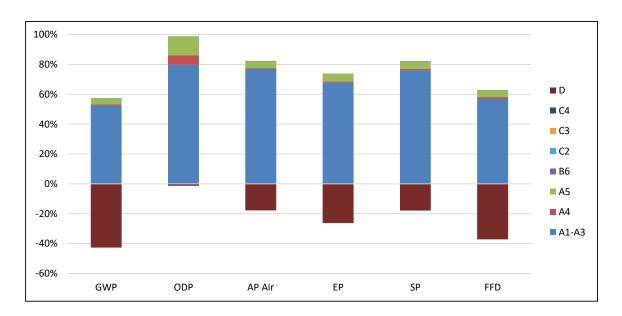
ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

LCA Interpretation - Maximum Impact

The production life cycle stage (A1-A3) dominates the impacts across all impact categories. This is due to the upstream production of raw materials used in the product, along with energy use in the manufacturing of the product. The D reuse, recovery, and recycling potential stage shows as a negative value and accounts for the benefit of energy recovery during incineration, and the benefit from recycling material at the end-of-life for a product. Though the energy use (B6) phase does not have a large impact, this is due to the functional unit of 1 AMP, lifetime use may be larger than 1 AMP.



Prysmion

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

Scaling Factor Tables

For EPDs with product groups, an impact assessment was completed for each product and the highest impacts were reported as representations of the product group. The rest of the products in each group are represented through scaling factor tables and can be independently calculated.

				A1 - A3					A5	В6	C2 - D
	GWP	ODP	AP	EP	PCOP	FFD/ADP	Resources	A4			
DRAKE/ACSS/AW2	1.00E+00	1.00E+00	1.00E+00	1.00E+00	1.00E+00						
CANARY/ACSS/AW2/NS	8.66E-01	9.80E-01	9.77E-01	9.62E-01	9.84E-01	6.22E-01	6.22E-01	6.22E-01	6.22E-01	8.94E-01	6.22E-01
ROOK/ACSS/AW2/NS	8.52E-01	6.69E+01	7.36E-01	5.45E-01	8.28E-01	7.46E-01	7.46E-01	7.46E-01	7.46E-01	1.30E+00	7.46E-01

Prysmian

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

To use these scaling factors, you will need the result from the tables in section 'LCA Results - Maximum Impact' and the chosen cable you are investigating. The scaling factors multiplied by the results above will be the results for that particular cable. For example, if you wanted to know how much GWP impact came from the A1-A3 stage of Canary/ACSS/AW2/NS, you would follow the equation below:

To adjust for more operational energy use than one amp, you will need the result from the tables in section 'LCA Results - Maximum Impact', the chosen cable you are investigating, and your expected amperage over 40 years. The scaling factors multiplied by the results above will be the operational use results for that particular cable, multiplied by the squared amperage. For this example, we will be using 30% of the max loading amperage over the lifetime, 567 Amps. For example, if you wanted to know how much 567 Amps would increase the Canary/ACSS/AW2/NS B6 stage GWP, you would follow the equation below:

Prysmian

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

Environmental and Health During Manufacturing

Prysmian has an established HSE Management System in place at its manufacturing sites. Site programs ensure that OSHA and environmental requirements are met or exceeded to help ensure the safety and health of all employees, contractors, and guests.

Environmental and Health During Installation

Prysmian has established guidelines in HSE for installation processes, beginning with the development of a HSE plan. The HSE plan will be developed with specific site Environmental and Health concerns that might arise during installation process. Management and installation team will all be trained on the HSE plan prior to installation.

Extraordinary Effects

Fire

None

Water

None

Mechanical Destruction

None

Delayed Emissions

Global warming potential is calculated using the TRACI 2.1 and CML 4.1 impact assessment methodologies. Delayed emissions are not considered.

Environmental Activities and Certifications

Prysmian North America manufacturing sites strive to meet or exceed all applicable federal, state, and local environmental regulations. All manufacturing sites are ISO 14001:2015 Certified.

Prysmian maintains a variety of certifications based on the widely accepted industry standards:

- Quality Management System certifications (ISO9001/TL9000)
- Environmental Management System certifications (ISO14001)
- Health and Safety Management System certifications (ISO45001)

These certificates can be downloaded from our company website here:

Further Information

Prysmian Group 4 Tesseneer Road Highland Heights, KY 41076

Prysmion

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

References

-	PCR PSR LCA for Experts v10.7.0.183	PEP ecopassport Program: Product Category Rules for Electrical, Electronic and HVAC-R Products, v4.0, PEP ecopassport Program: Product Specific Rules for Wires, Cables and Accessories, v4.0, 2022. Sphera Solutions GmbH. LCA for Experts Software System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering. Version 10.7.0.183 (software).
-	ISO 14025	ISO 14025:2011-10, Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures.
	ISO 14040 ISO 14044	ISO 14040:2009-11, Environmental management — Life cycle assessment — Principles and framework. ISO 14044:2006-10, Environmental management — Life cycle assessment — Requirements and guidelines.
-	EN 15804+A2	EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021 - Sustainability of construction works - Environmental Product Declarations - Core rules for the product category of construction products
-	Method	ASTM International General Program Instructions v8.0, April 29, 2020 IPCC. 2021. Climate Change 2013. The Physical Science Basis. Cambridge University Press. (http://www.ipcc.ch/report/ar5/wg1/). Hauschild M.Z., & Wenzel H. Environmental Assessment of Products. Springer, US, Vol. 2, 1998.
-	Characterization Method	Heijungs R., Guinée J.B., Huppes G., Lankreijer R.M., Udo de Haes H.A., Wegener Sleeswijk A. Environmental Life Cycle Assessment of Products: Guide and Backgrounds. CML. Leiden University, Leiden, 1992.
-	Characterization Method	Jenkin M.E., & Hayman G.D. Photochemical ozone creation potentials for oxygenated volatile organic compounds: sensitivity to variations in kinetic and mechanistic parameters. Atmospheric Environment. 1999, 33
-	Characterization Method	WMO. 1999. Scientific Assessment of Ozone Depletion: 1998, World Meteorological Organization Global Ozone Research and Monitoring Project - Report No. 44, WMO, Geneva.
-	Characterization Method	Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources using Environmental Chambers- version 1.2, January 2017.

Prysmion

ASTM
INTERNATIONAL

According to ISO 14025, EN 15804+A2, ISO 14040, ISO 14044

Prysmian TransPowr® ACSS/AW Bare Overhead Conductor Overhead Cable

Contact Information

Study Commissioner



- For more information, visit our website at https://www.prysmian.com/en
- Technical Support for product technical questions at https://www.prysmian.com/en/contact-us
 Contact our sustainability team:
 na.sustainability@prysmian.com

LCA Practitioner



Sustainable Solutions Corporation 155 Railroad Plaza, Suite 203 Royersford, PA 19468 USA (+1) 610 569-1047 info@sustainablesolutionscorporation.com www.sustainablesolutionscorporation.com